An Evaluation of Lidar Inventory Growth Projections

Western Mensurationists

2023 Annual Meeting

Jacob Strunk



Peter Gould



USDA Forest Service -- Pacific Northwest Research Station – Forest Monitoring and Assessment Program -- Vegetation Monitoring and Assessment Team

Jacob Strunk



R&D things forest sampling, estimation, modeling, mapping, GNSS, remote sensing. Likes travel and outdoor family adventures.

PhD, MSc Forestry, Stats Oregon State University BS, MS Forestry, University of Washingtons

Peter Gould



Peter is a great resource for all things technical! Forest biometrics, growth and yield, remote sensing, coding, visualization, software development, design circuit boards or data loggers, drones,

> PhD Penn State BS Northern AZ University

Savannah River Site in South Carolina

1) 200k ac total, 170k ac forest

2) Wood production & Conservation ~50 / 50 split

3) kNN Lidar inventory, 2019*

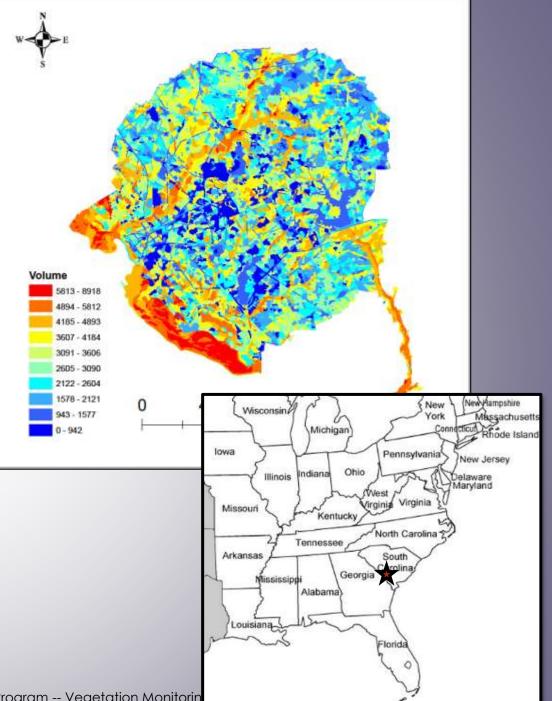
A. Tract-wide

B. Stand-level

C. Rasters (30 m)

*A Lidar inventory was also performed by VMaRS in 2009

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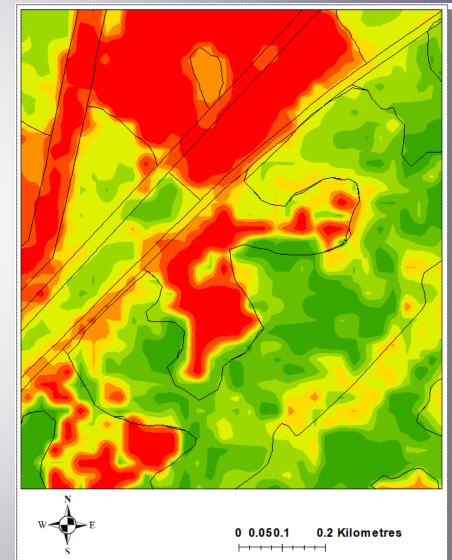
Lidar Inventory

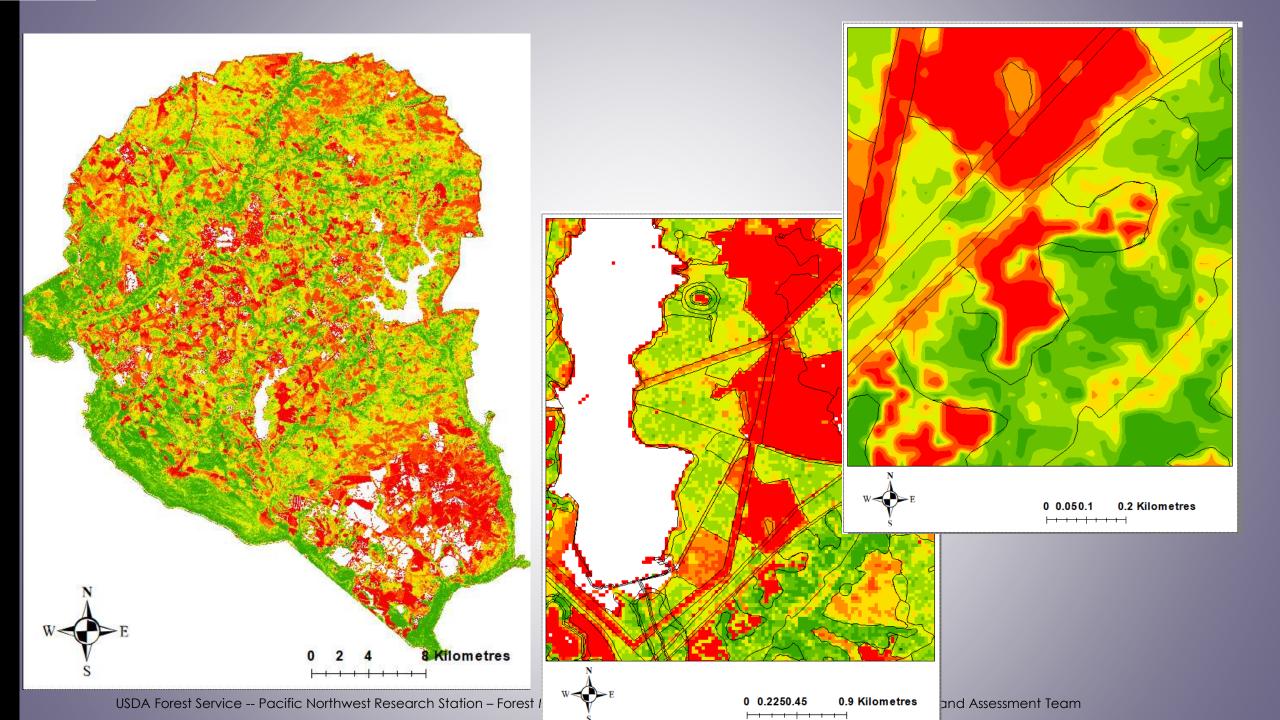
Good for Current conditions!

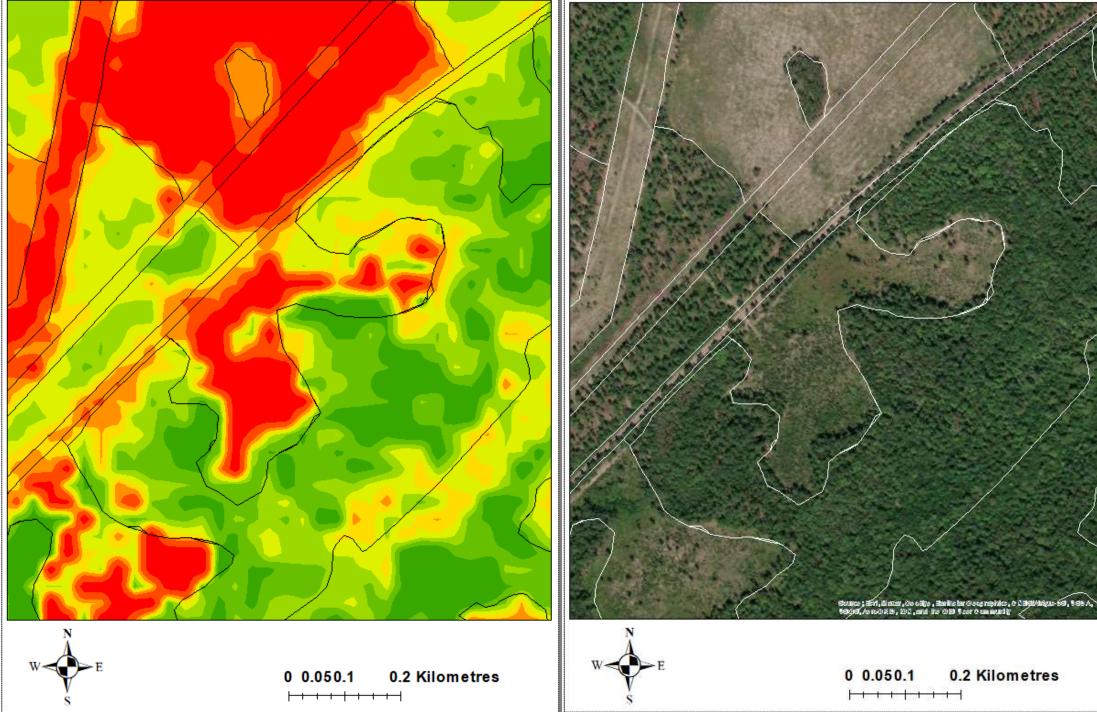
1) Strategic & Tactical Inventory today

Tactical: Jacob L. Strunk and Robert J. McGaughey. 2023. Stand validation of lidar forest inventory modeling for a managed southern pine forest. *Canadian Journal of Forest Research*. **53**(2): 71-89. <u>https://doi.org/10.1139/cjfr-2022-0032</u>

- 2) Wall-to-wall, consistent, fine-scale, single-date forest inventory
- 3) Cost Efficient (for stand-level+ detail)
 - A. \approx \$250k for 200k acres
 - B. 550 plots (\$75k)
 - C. Lidar (\$60k)
 - D. Analysis (\$115k)



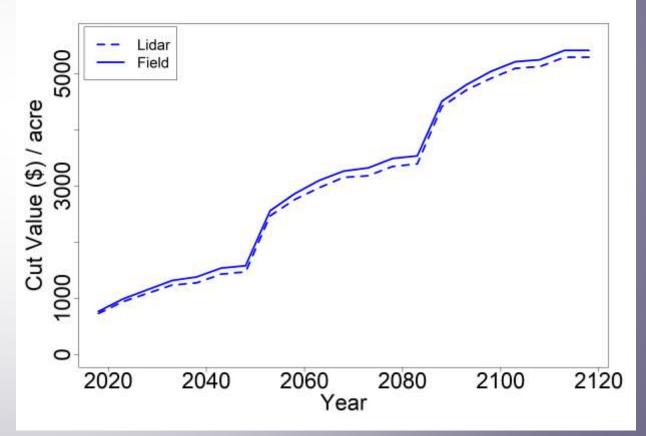




0 0.050.1 0.2 Kilometres $\left| \begin{array}{c} + & + & + \\ \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} + & + & + \\ \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} + & + \\ \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} + & + \\ \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} + & + \\ \end{array} \right|$

Is Lidar any Good for Growth Projections?

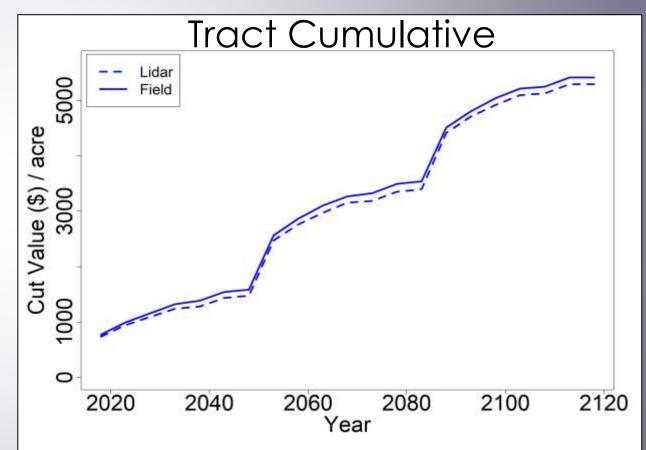
- 1) Grow and compare <u>stand-</u> <u>level</u> inventories
 - A.Lidar
 - B. Field
- 2) 6 Scenarios (high to low intensity)
- 3) "Tract" vs Stand performance



Analysis

• USFS Forest Vegetation Simulator (FVS)

- SN Variant
- 5 year periods
- 100 years
- Scales
 - Tract
 - Stand
 - (Plot/Pixel)
- Metrics
 - Volume
 - Carbon
 - Value
 - Net present value (NPV)
 - Temporal Agreement



FVS Growth Projections Individual Tree based growth model

1. Plant (375 vs 550)

- 2. Thin to 70 sq ft / acre (0,1,2 x thins)
- 3. Harvest rotation (35, 50, 60, never)

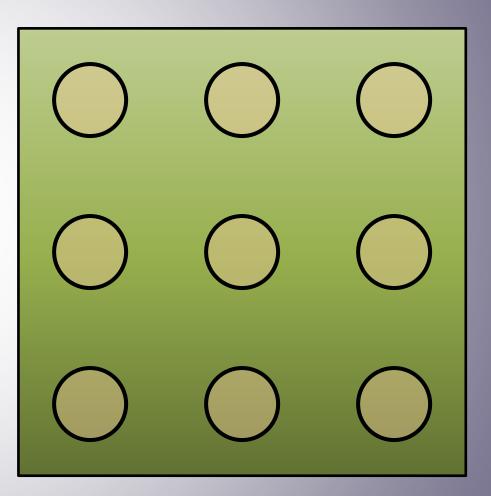
Management scenarios

- A. 375 plant / acre, No Thin, 35 yr harvest
- B. 550 plant / acre, No Thin, 35 yr harvest
- C. 550 plant / acre, 1 Thin, 35 yr harvest
- D. 550 plant / acre, 2 Thin, 50 yr harvest
- E. 550 plant / acre, 2 Thin, 60 yr harvest
- F. No management (let grow)

50 x Validation Stands

5 acres / stand

- 9 x plots / stand
 - 1/10th acre plots



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Strategic (Tract-level) Inventory:

Growth projections: Lidar VS Field Differences by management strategy



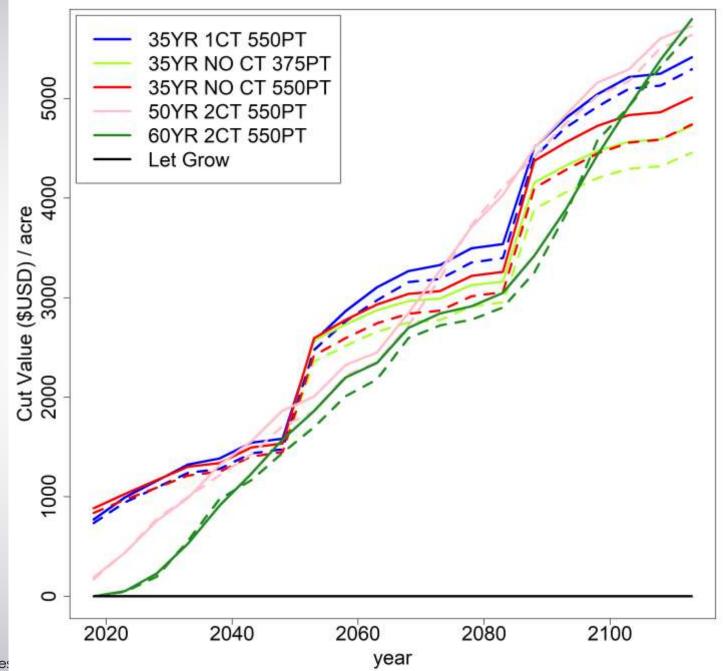
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Lidar and Field: ≈Exact match

Cyclic – no clear winner

- 35YR 1CT?
- 50 or 60 yr?

35YR NO CT - worst



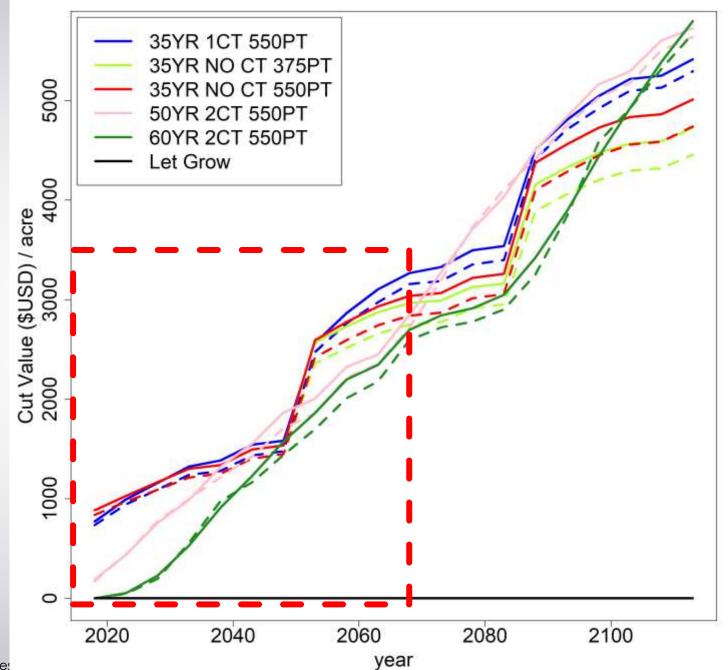
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Lidar and Field: ≈Exact match

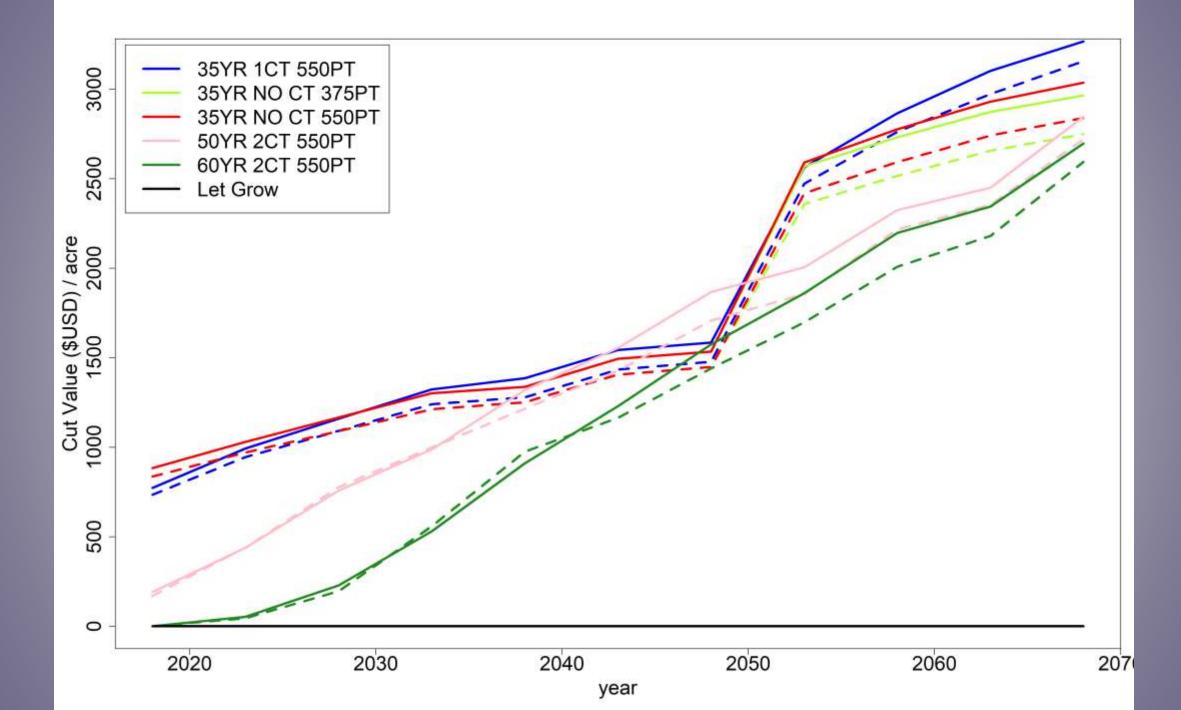
Cyclic – no clear winner

- 35YR 1CT?
- 50 or 60 yr?

35YR NO CT - Losers

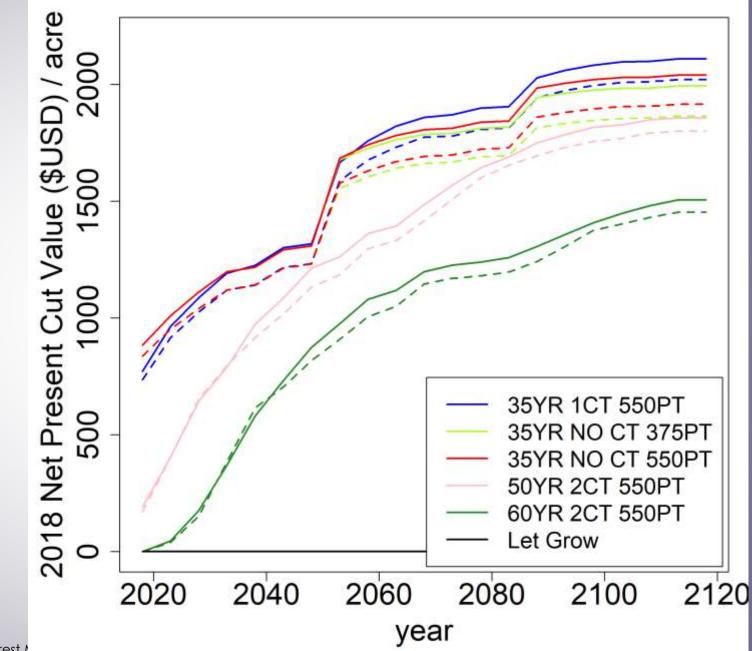


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NPV (3%, 2018): More Interesting

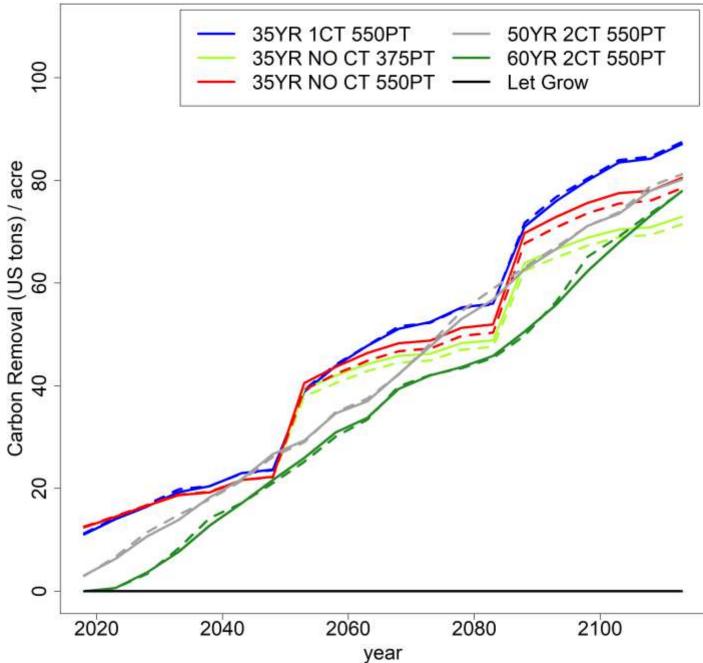
- Shorter rotations win ...
- CT / no thin, planting density effects minimal



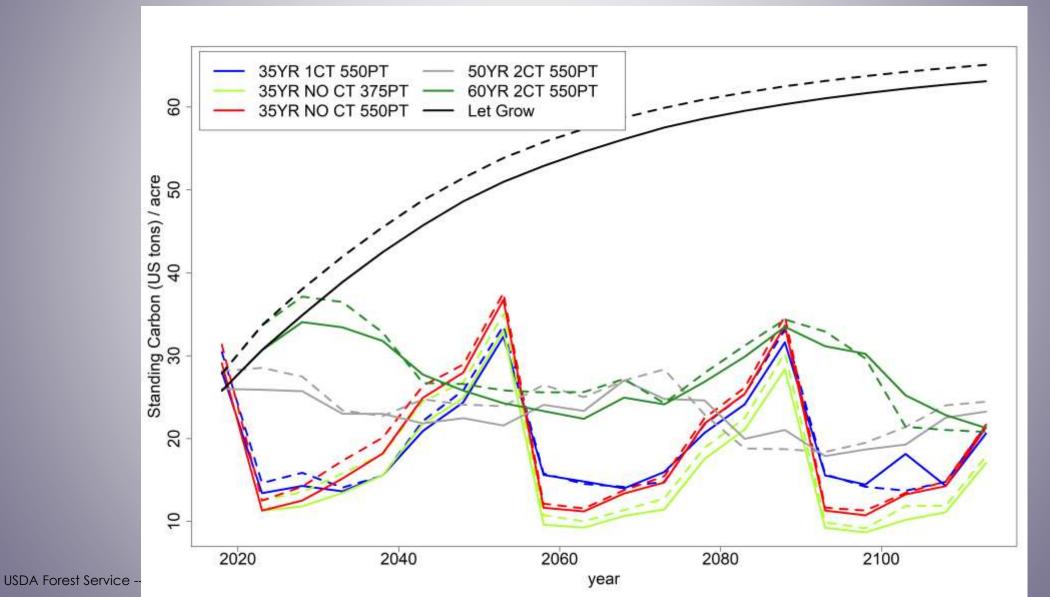
Carbon Removals as wood timber

- Shorter rotations win ...
- CT / no thin, planting density effects minimal

		ЦC
lidar	field	Carbon
0.92	0.92	Car
0.75	0.77	00
0.83	0.85	
0.85	0.84	
0.82	0.82	C
0.00	0.00	
	0.92 0.75 0.83 0.85 0.82	0.920.920.750.770.830.850.850.840.820.82



Standing Carbon Lidar and Field: Close Match



Tactical (Stand-Level) Inventory

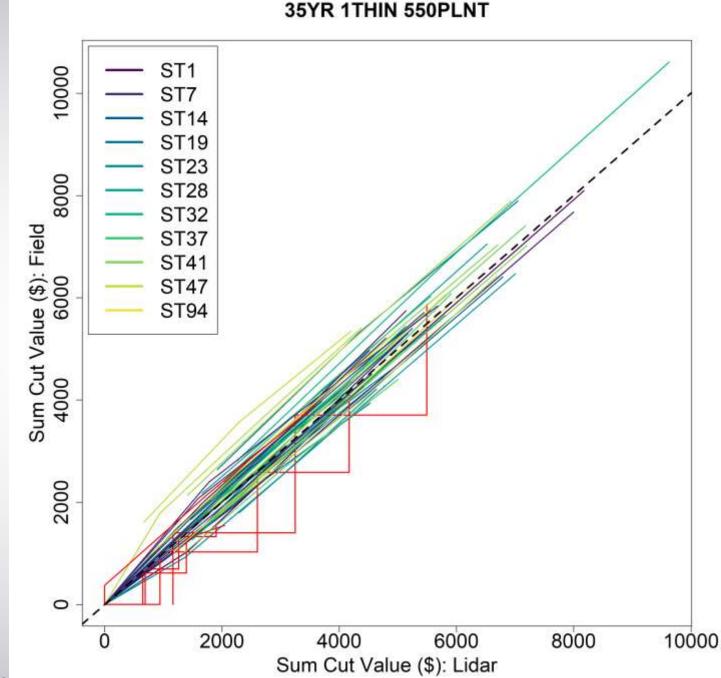


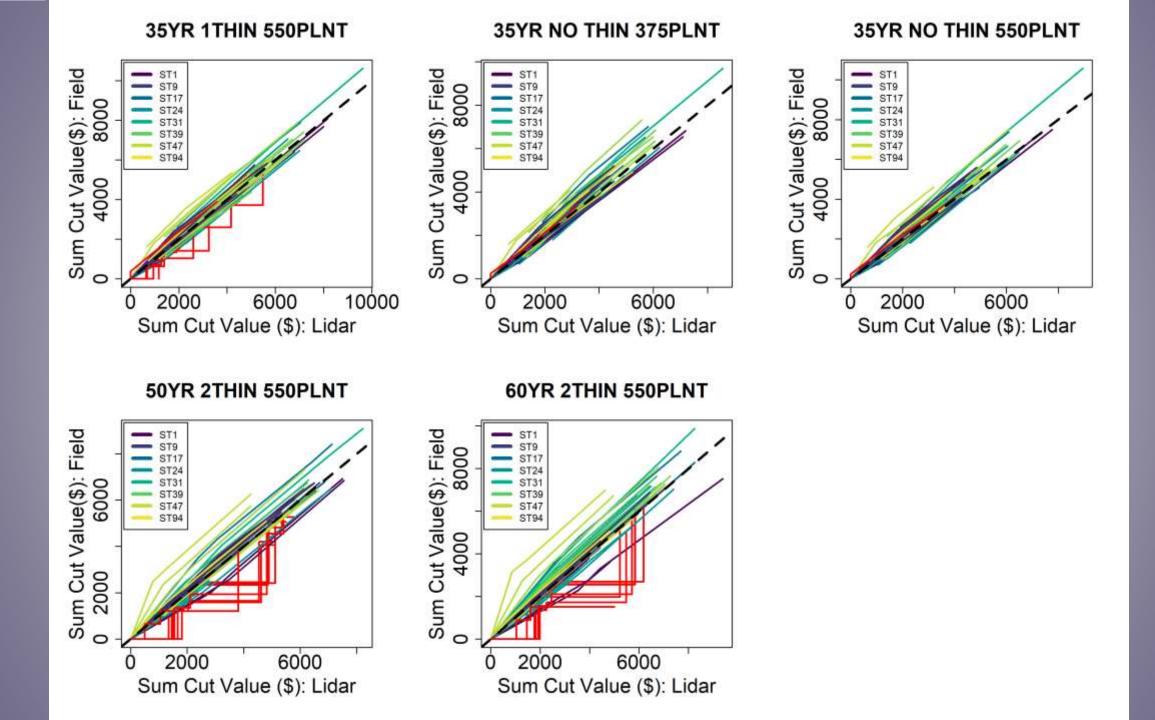
*Visualizations from SVS Software made by Robert J McGaughey

Example: Temporal Trends by Stand

RED = Mgmt YR Mismatch

Example: Lidar thinned 2023 Field thinned 2025



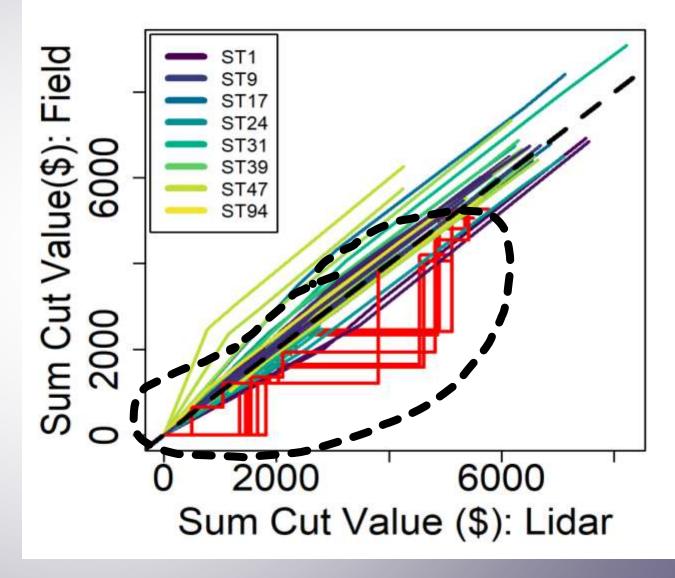


50YR 2THIN 550PLNT

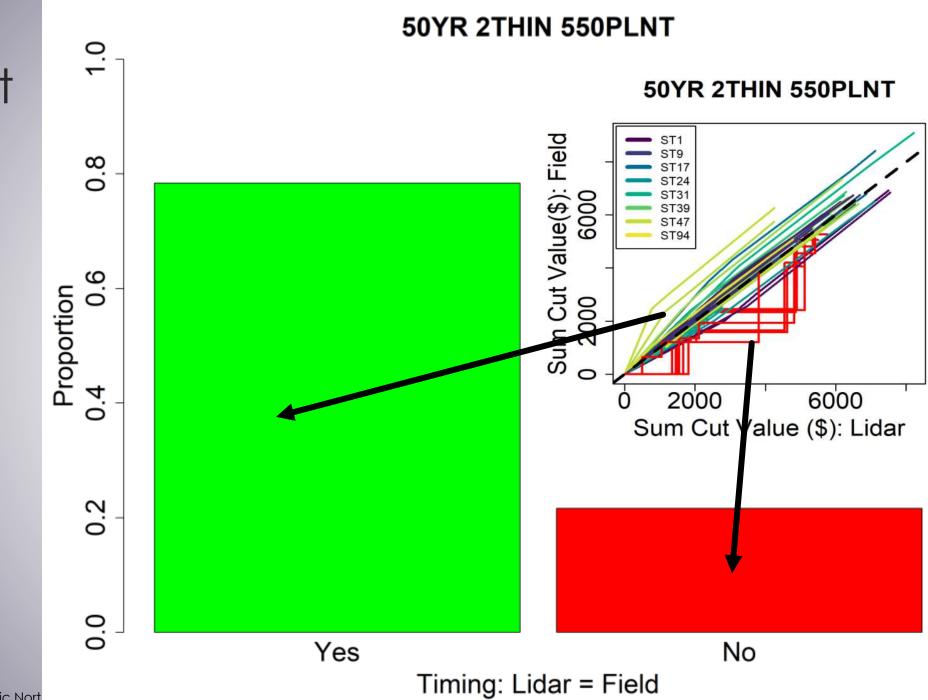
1)Initial Divergence

BUT

2) Reverts back to trend lines



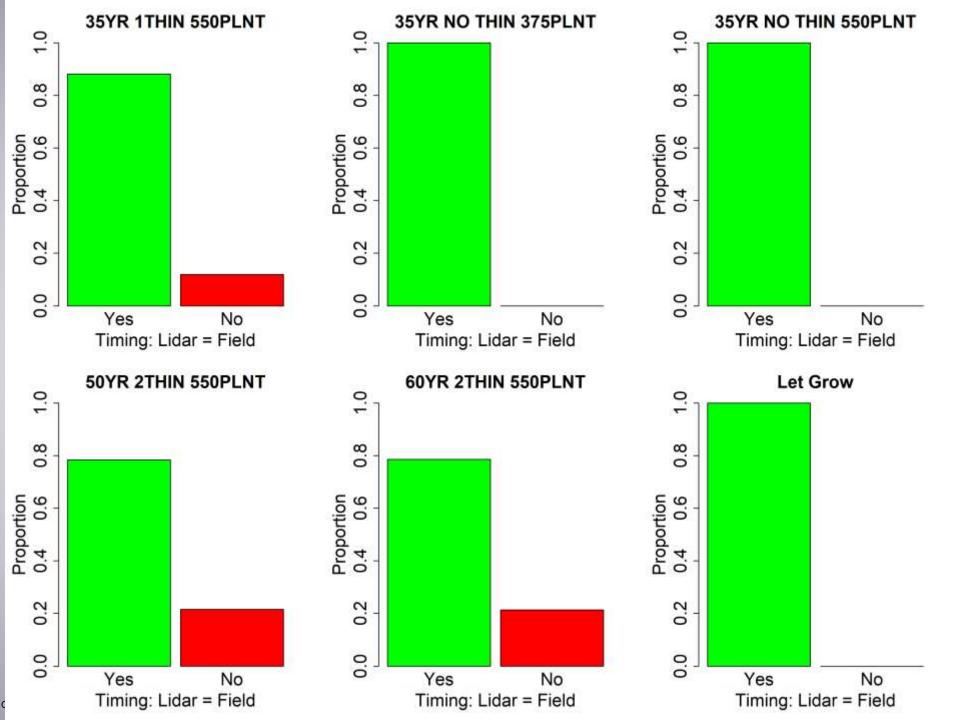
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Timing Agreement

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Timing Agreement

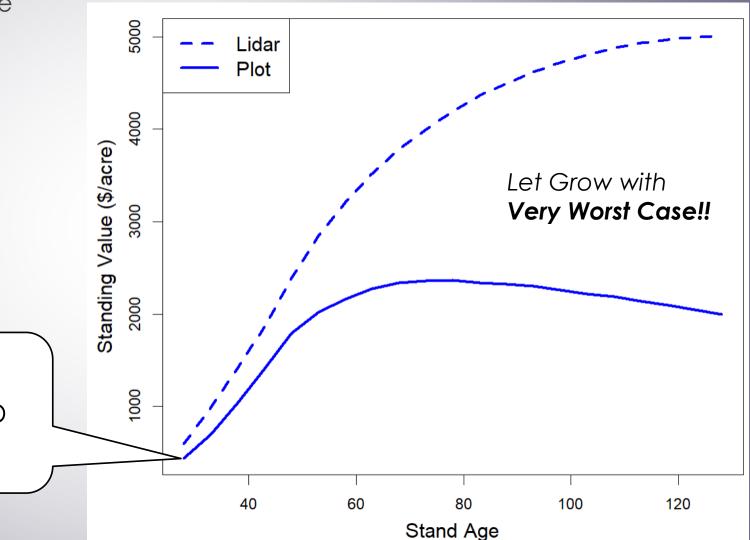


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Diagnostics

Which factors in the **initial** tree lists cause projections to diverge over time?

- 1) QMD has a moderate influence on basal area and trees per acre
- 2) Hardwood proportion has a strong influence on volume and value over time

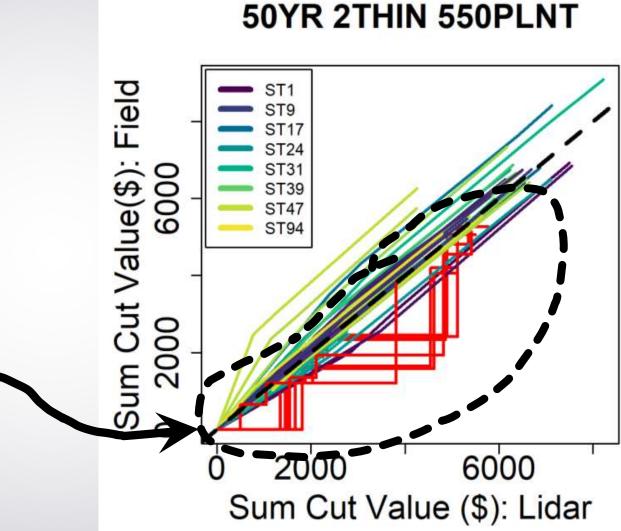


Example Stand MS1: Lidar inventory 17% HWD Plot inventory 63% HWD

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Conclusions

- 1) Lidar and Field projections VERY similar!
 - A. Tract
 - B. Stand
- 2) Stand-level mismatch
 - A. Exists
 - B. Temporary divergence...
- 3) Muddy inference: "best" mgmt strategy
 - A. No clear winner in total dollars
 - B. Shorter rotation have higher NPV
 - C. Longer rotations less cyclic*
- 4) HW Proportion
 - A. Biggest indicator of errors
 - B. Focus on species predictions (lidar) !
- 5) *Plan is to look at forest estate models next



END

Questions?

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Growth Projections

- 1) FVS Software FVSsn.exe
- 2) Management scenarios
 - A. 375 plant / acre, No Thin, 35 yr harvest
 - B. 550 plant / acre, No Thin, 35 yr harvest
 - C. 550 plant / acre, 1 Thin, 35 yr harvest
 - D. 550 plant / acre, 2 Thin, 50 yr harvest
 - E. 550 plant / acre, 2 Thin, 60 yr harvest
 - F. No management (let grow)
- 3) Comparison Metrics (lidar versus field)
 - A. Annual standing C and vol, standing vol x product class
 - B. Annual volume growth, cutout, cut vol x product class, value
 - C. NPV

Evaluation

1) Lidar vs Field

- A. Tract
- B. Stand
- 2) Attributes
 - A. Annual standing C, Value, Vol x product
 - B. Annual volume growth, cutout, cut vol x product class , value
 - C. NPV

3) Metrics

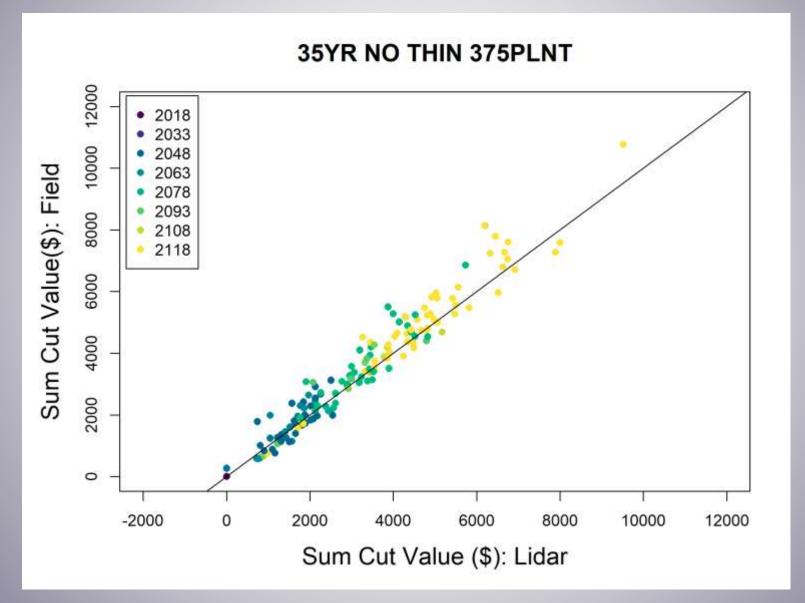
- A. Bias, RMSE, Correlation
- B. Coefficient of determination

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OLD SLIDES

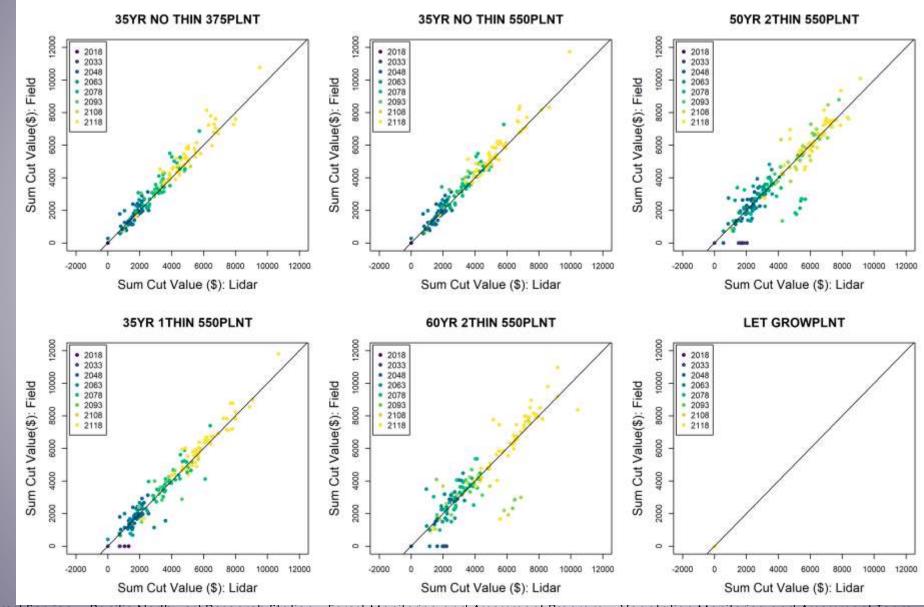
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100 Years, Lidar VS Field: Cut Values Match



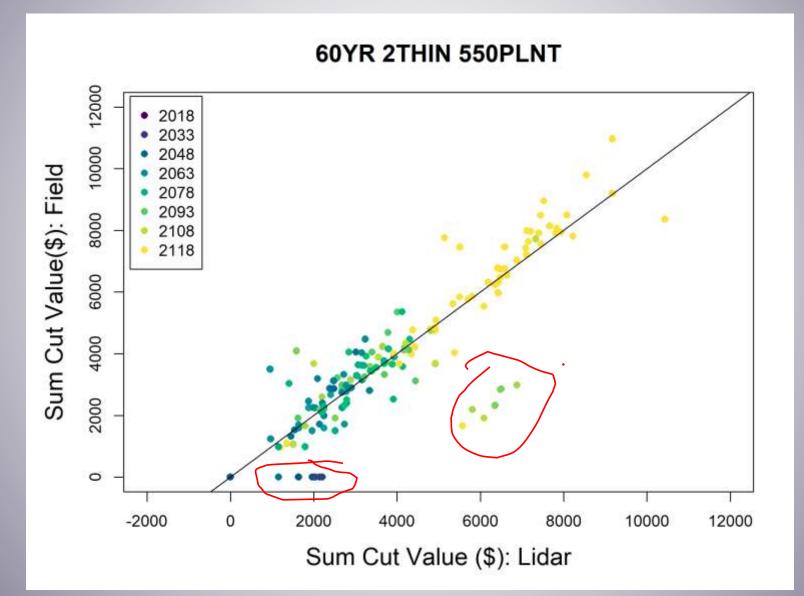
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6 Scenarios: Cut Values (\$) Match



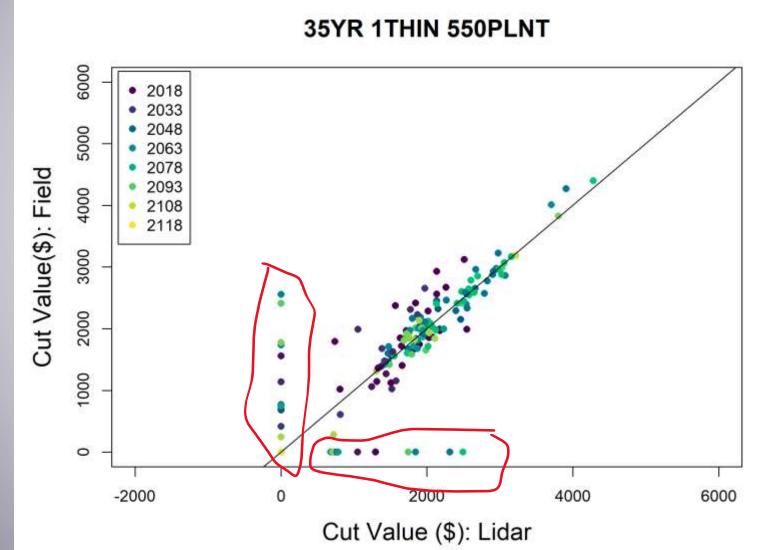
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Temporal Mismatch – More Complex Mgmt



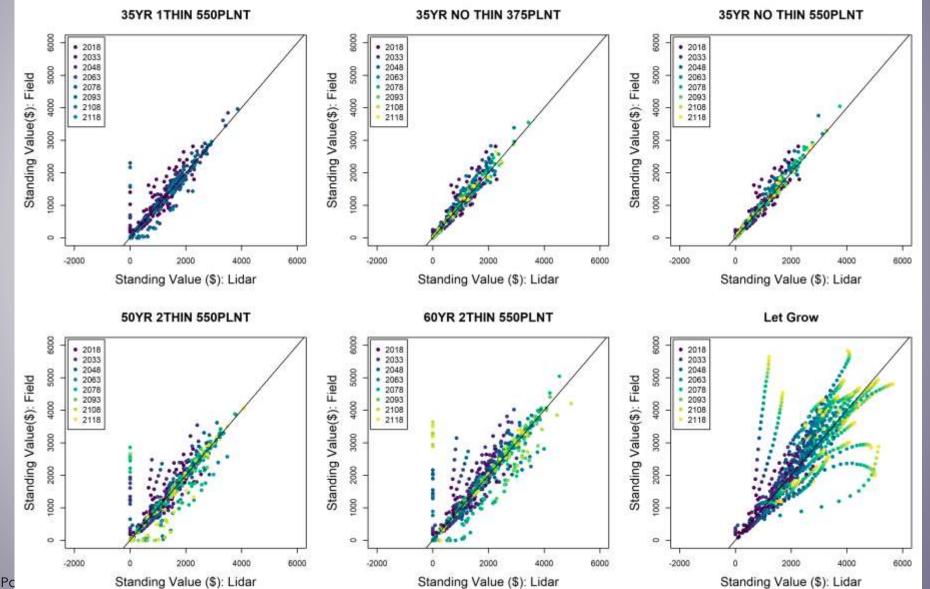
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Annual (periodic) Cut Values Approx. 1-period timing mismatch



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Standing Value



USDA Forest Service -- Pc

Two More Questions

1) How to run the data

- A. As plots?
- B. As stands?
- 2) Effect of height predictions (e.g., add height errors)
 - A. Distribution of heights compressed
 - B. Volume residuals upward biased?

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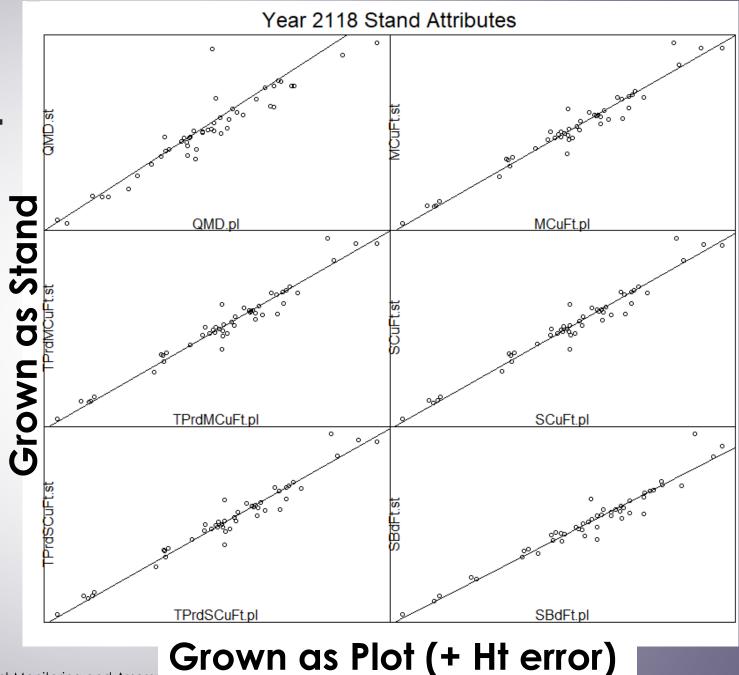
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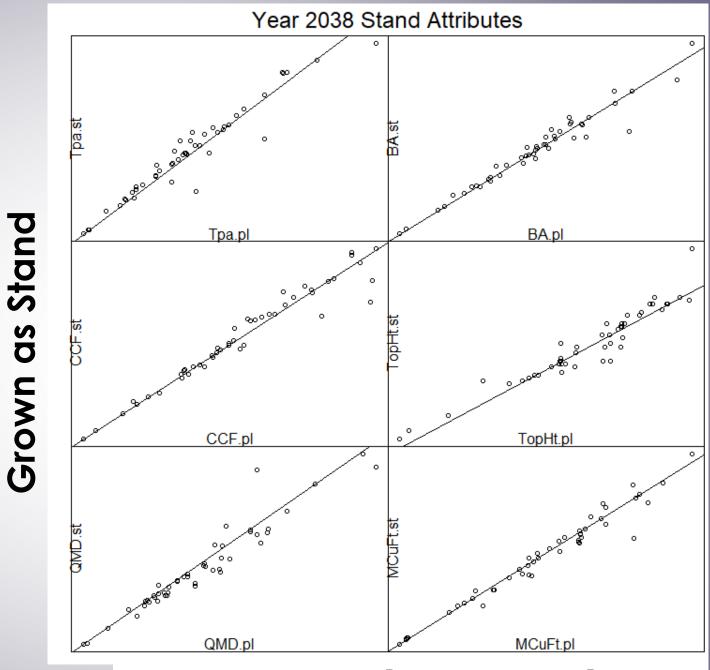
FVS Effect of Stand vs Plot

- 1) Grow tree
 - A. 100 years
 - B. As plots (+error)
 - C. As stands
- 2) Yes: Stand level differences
- 3) ~Unbiased at 100 years
- 4) No effect from ht errors
- 5) Results same at 2038



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Year	mcft_Bias%	mcft_CV%
2018	-0.12	0.59
2038	-1.06	5.00
2058	-5.46	8.28
2078	-0.24	4.51
2098	-0.38	4.64
2118	-0.41	4.85



nitoring and Grown as Plot (No Ht error)

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Plot Grid (550 plots)

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